

ASIC Benchmarks and Disclosure Principles: Cromwell Direct Property Fund 28 February 2017

Information Provided Pursuant to ASIC Regulatory Guide 46 (RG46)

Important Notice and Disclaimer

As responsible entity of the Cromwell Direct Property Fund ARSN 165 011 905 ("Fund"), Cromwell Funds Management Limited ABN 63 114 782 777, AFSL 333214 ("CFM") is the issuer of this ASIC Benchmarks and Disclosure Principles guide ("Guide") which should be read in conjunction with the Product Disclosure Statement for the Fund dated 1 September 2016 ("PDS").

Updates on the Fund are available at www.cromwell.com.au/dpf.

The information in this Guide is general information only and does not take into account your objectives, financial situation or needs. Therefore, before deciding whether to acquire or continue to hold an investment you should consider the PDS and updates to them carefully and assess, with or without your financial or taxation advisor, whether the Fund fits your objectives, financial situation or needs.



Scope of this Guide

The Australian Securities & Investments Commission (ASIC) issued RG 46 in September 2008 and updated it in March 2012. RG 46 sets out particular disclosure principles and benchmarks designed to provide improved disclosure to retail investors to help them compare risks and returns across investments in the unlisted property sector.

Set out below are tables which list each disclosure principle and benchmark and where the relevant information is included in this Guide and, if applicable, the PDS, which is available on our website at www.cromwell.com.au/dpf.

	Disclosure Principles	Guide reference	PDS Reference
1	Gearing Ratio	Section 5.3	Section 1.7
2	Interest Cover Ratio	Section 5.4	Section 1.7
3	Scheme Borrowing	Section 5	Section 1.7
4	Portfolio Diversification	Section 2	Sections 1.2,1.5 and 3
5	Related Party Transactions	Section 8	Sections 5.2.2 and 9.7
6	Distribution Practices	Section 6	Section 1.6
7	Withdrawal Arrangements	Section 7	Sections 1.11 and 7.4
8	Net Tangible Assets	Not applicable as fund is priced daily	Not applicable as Fund is priced daily

	Benchmarks	Guide reference	PDS Reference
1	Gearing Policy – The Fund meets the benchmark. The Fund maintains and complies with a written policy that governs the level of gearing for the Fund	Section 5.1	Section 1.7
2	Interest Cover Policy – The Fund meets the benchmark. The Fund maintains and complies with a written policy that governs the level of interest cover for the Fund.	Section 5.1	Section 1.7
3	Interest Capitalisation – The Fund meets the benchmark. The interest expense of the Fund is not capitalised.	Section 5.4	Section 1.7
4	Valuation Policy – The Fund meets the benchmark. The Fund maintains and complies with a written valuation policy.	Section 4	Section 1.8
5	Related Party Transactions – The Fund meets the benchmark. The Fund maintains and complies with a written policy on related party transactions, including the assessment and approval processes for such transactions and arrangements to manage conflicts of interest.	Section 8	Section 9.7
6	Distribution Practices – The Fund meets the benchmark. The Trust will only pay distributions from cash available from its operations (excluding any borrowings).	Section 6	Section 1.6

All statistics and amounts in this Guide are as at 31 December 2016 unless stated otherwise.

CFM may update this Guide from time to time and it is recommended unitholders refer to our website at www.cromwell.com.au/dpf for these updates. A paper copy of this Guide or any updated information will be given to you on request and without charge.

From time to time, CFM may become aware of information that is material to unitholders but not covered by a disclosure principle. Any such material information will be provided to unitholders in continuous disclosure notices on our website www.cromwell.com.au/dpf.



2. Portfolio Diversification

1.1 Investment Strategy

The Fund will invest directly, or through unlisted property trusts, in non-residential Australian property with a primary focus on commercial, industrial and retail property.

The Fund may also hold cash where CFM considers it prudent, including for Fund liquidity or while CFM is considering new investment opportunities.

The Fund's Investment Portfolio comprises an investment in three unlisted property trusts managed by CFM which own a total of four assets. Over time, the Fund has acquired three direct properties which meet the Fund's investment criteria. This provides unitholders with diversification within the property sector and access to a strong income stream with tax deferred income.

As CFM acquires or sells assets, the Fund's investment portfolio will change. The Fund may also increase or decrease the amounts invested over time in any of the underlying property trusts at any time.

The only significant non-direct property asset of the Fund is cash. As at 28 February 2017, the Fund held cash of \$9,709,000.

As at 28 February 2017, the investment portfolio includes direct and indirect interests in the following:

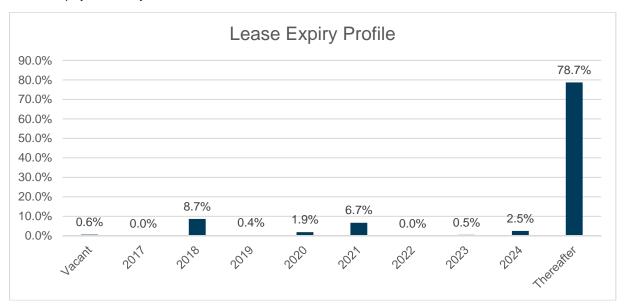
Building	Valuation	28 February 2017 Ownership	Sector	Valuation Date	Cap Rate	Occupancy	Valuer
33 Breakfast Creek Road, Newstead, QLD	\$246,900,000	18.7%	Commercial	December 2016	6.75%	99%	Internal
117 Brisbane Road, Ipswich, QLD	\$114,000,000	7.9%	Commercial	December 2016	7.00%	93%	Independent
Lot 2, 902 Caribu Drive, Direk, SA	\$43,200,000	13.4%	Industrial	December 2016	7.5%	100%	Internal
11-13 Robinson Street, Dandenong, VIC	\$92,500,000	13.4%	Commercial	September 2016	6.00%	100%	Independent
Masters Parafield, SA	\$27,600,000	100%	Retail	March 2016	7.5%	96%	Independent
Bunnings Playford, SA	\$28,500,000	100%	Retail	September 2016	6.0%	100%	Independent
64 Allara Street, ACT	\$16,900,000	100%	Commercial	December 2016	7.50%	100%	Independent



3. Lease Expiry Profile

The following chart shows the lease expiry profile for the properties held in the Fund's investment portfolio (Properties) in yearly periods calculated on the basis of the Fund's income.

Lease Expiry Profile by Gross Income as at 31 December 2016.



1.2 Vacancy Rate

The vacancy rate for the portfolio is 0.6%, with all other space subject to a lease. The vacancy rate represents the portion of the Properties which are not subject to a lease or an agreement for lease.

1.3 Tenants

The Fund's top five tenants (by percentage of gross income) at 31 December 2016 are:

Tenant	% of Gross Income
Energex Limited	26.9%
Woolworths Limited	18.2%
Bunnings Group Limited	16.8%
Canberra Investment Corporation Limited	7.4%
Australian Taxation Office	6.6%

4. Valuation Policy

CFM has, and complies with, a valuation policy for the Fund.

Where the Fund invests in property trusts that are not managed by CFM, the assets held by those trusts are subject to separate valuation policies administered by the manager of that trust. Investments in property trusts will be valued in accordance with the unit pricing policy of the Fund. Refer to Section 1.8



of the PDS for further detail regarding the Fund's unit pricing policy.

Where practical, property assets owned by the Fund, as well as property assets in trusts managed by CFM, will be independently valued each year (or if applicable after the building is completed). All independent valuations will be carried out by appropriately qualified valuers with a minimum of five years relevant experience and membership with the Australian Property Institute. Valuers are instructed to undertake their valuation in accordance with industry standards and to outline their valuation methodology within their valuation report.

Unitholders can obtain a copy of the valuation policy by calling Cromwell Investor Services on 1300 276 693.

5. Fund Borrowing

5.1 Borrowing Policy

Borrowing by the Fund is known as gearing. Repayment of borrowings ranks ahead of unitholders' interests in the Fund and payment of interest on borrowings must be funded prior to any distributions being made to unitholders. As a result, the borrowing policy and expiry profile of any borrowing facilities of the Fund are important factors to consider.

There are risks involved in investing in a geared Fund as gearing magnifies profits, losses, capital gains and capital losses. See "Borrowing Risk" in Section 4.3.2 of the PDS for further information.

CFM has, and complies with, a borrowing policy for the Fund which outlines the level of gearing and interest cover the Fund expects to maintain. CFM aims to maintain Look-Through Gearing for the Fund as a whole at no more than 50% and will not acquire any direct property or units in any unlisted property trusts that would result in a Look-Through Gearing level above 50%.

5.2 Borrowing Facilities

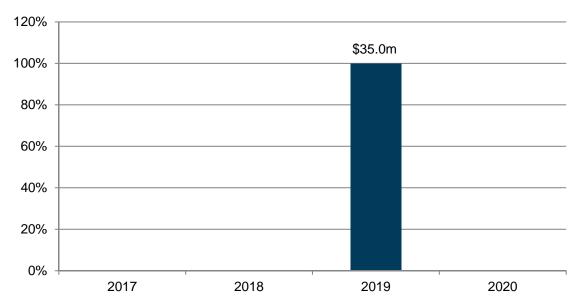
Most property funds use a combination of borrowings and unitholders' funds to acquire properties. Borrowings enhance distributions when the cost of the borrowings is less than the return from the property and increase the potential for capital gain when property values are rising. However, they can also lead to reduced distributions when the cost of borrowings is greater than the return from the property or to a larger capital loss when property values are falling.

In July 2016 the Fund entered into a new \$35 million 3-year debt facility with an Australian bank (Bank Loan). The facility is drawn to \$7 million as at 31 December 2016 and therefore the balance of the Bank Loan remains undrawn, at \$28 million. The Bank Loan expiry date is 24 July 2019. The Bank Loan is secured against the direct assets owned by the Fund; 64 Allara Street Canberra, Masters Parafield and Bunnings Munno Para, valued at \$73.0 million collectively. This means that repayment of the Bank Loan will rank ahead of unitholders' interests in the Fund. If the Fund fails to put in place or renew borrowing or credit facilities, the Fund's viability could be adversely affected.

The Fund has not entered into hedging arrangements. This allows it to maintain flexibility to repay debt as new equity is raised. The Bank Loans interest rate is a combination of the monthly BBSY rate and the bank margin and line fee which totalled 4.32% as at 31 December 2016.

The maturity profile of the Fund's borrowing facilities are as follows:





The Fund's constitution and the Corporations Act give unitholders certain powers. In particular, the requisite number of unitholders can call a meeting of unitholders to consider resolutions to amend the Fund's constitution, terminate the Fund or remove CFM as responsible entity. The exercise of those powers without the consent of the bank may lead to events of default under the Bank Loan and in certain circumstances will give the bank rights to, amongst other things, call for immediate repayment of the amounts outstanding.

5.3 Gearing Ratio

The Gearing Ratio indicates the extent to which the Fund has used borrowings to acquire assets. The Gearing Ratio gives an indication of the potential risks faced by the Fund as a result of its borrowings due to, for example, an increase in interest rates or a decrease in asset values.

The Fund's Gearing Ratio is calculated as follows:

CFM intends to limit borrowings to no more than 50% of the value of any property assets acquired directly by the Fund. The gearing ratio for the Fund as at 28 February 2017 was 1.5%. The source of the information used to calculate the ratio was the monthly financial accounts for the Fund, complete as at 28 February 2017.

The Fund is also exposed indirectly to gearing because the property trusts in which it invests have used borrowings to acquire their property. CFM periodically calculates the gearing of the Fund taking into account the Fund's share of assets and liabilities of underlying property trusts. This is known as Look-Through Gearing.

As at 28 February 2017 the Look-Through Gearing Ratio was 18.9%. CFM has based the Look-Through Gearing Ratio on management accounts as at 28 February 2017.

5.4 Interest Cover

The Interest Cover Ratio measures the ability of the Fund to meet its interest payments on borrowings



from its earnings. The level of interest cover gives an indication of the Fund's financial health. A higher number indicates greater available funds with which to pay interest costs and distributions. It is a key measure of the risks associated with any borrowings which the Fund may have.

Interest cover is calculated as follows:

CFM intends to fund interest payments from income received by the Fund and does not intend to capitalise any interest payments.

CFM periodically calculates a Look-Through Interest Cover Ratio, taking into account the Fund's share of earnings and interest expense from underlying property trusts.

The Fund's Look-Through Interest Cover Ratio for the period ending 31 December 2016 was 11.3 times.

5.5 Loan Covenants

The Bank Loan has various financial covenants which must be complied with. The Fund is in compliance with all covenants.

Under the terms of the Bank Loan, the 'loan to value' ratio must be at or below 50%. The 'loan to value' ratio is the amount of the loan facility divided by the value of the Property and was 9.6% at 31 December 2016. The properties would need to fall in value by approximately 81% from their 31 December 2016 valuation for this covenant to be breached if no further bank debt is drawn.

The interest cover ratio must be no less than 2 times.

5.6 Hedging

Where the Fund borrows to purchase property assets directly, CFM may enter into interest rate hedges in order to provide increased certainty in relation to the Fund's interest expense through fixing the cost of debt for an agreed period. CFM will also take into account hedging in underlying unlisted property trusts when considering whether to hedge any direct borrowings in the future.

As at 31 December 2016, the Fund's borrowings have not been hedged.

CFM may further extend the hedge profile of the Fund in the future where it is considered prudent or cost effective to do so.

6. Distribution Practices

The Fund is expected to earn income such as rent, distributions and interest from its investments. Distributions are paid from cash from operations.

CFM considers the Fund's distributions to be sustainable from the Fund's available cash resources for at least 12 months into the future.

The Fund aims to distribute an amount which is no more than 100% of expected profits available for distribution (excluding unrealised gains/losses) over the medium term. CFM will estimate profits



available for distribution on a regular basis and will pay distributions monthly taking into account that estimate.

Capital gains or losses may also occur on the sale of the Fund's assets. The distribution may be greater in these circumstances. Refer to Section 6 of the PDS for information on the taxation of distributions and taxation of an investment in the Fund generally.

The key risks which may impact distributions are outlined in Section 4 of the PDS.

7. Withdrawal Arrangements

CFM offers unitholders the opportunity to withdraw all or part of their investment through a Limited Monthly Withdrawal Facility generally limited to 0.5% of the Fund's net asset value per month.

At the end of the Initial Term, on 1 July 2020 and every five years thereafter, CFM intends to offer a full withdrawal opportunity where unitholders can elect to withdraw all of their investment at a specified price.

The Fund invests primarily in unlisted property trusts and direct property assets. These investments are usually illiquid. As a result, the Fund Constitution allows CFM up to 365 days to meet any withdrawal requests (although CFM expects to meet withdrawal requests under the Limited Monthly Withdrawal Facility within 15 days after month end) by holding a limited portion of the Fund's assets in cash.

Further information on withdrawals is in Section 7.4 of the PDS.

Further information on the Fund's liquidity risk is in Section 4.3.5 of the PDS.

8. Related Party Transactions

CFM is the responsible entity for the Fund and may appoint related entities to provide services to the Fund if required. Related party transactions carry a risk that they could be assessed and reviewed less rigorously than transactions with other parties. Where material transactions occur, unitholders should consider the capability and sustainability of those related party arrangements and the potential for conflicts of interest.

CFM has, and complies with, written policies with regard to related party transactions. The policies cover, amongst other things, the assessment and approval process for related party transactions as well as how the risk of any actual or perceived conflict of interest as a result of a related party transaction is managed. All related party transactions require Board approval and the Board will only approve transactions if the transactions are on arm's length terms. Otherwise, unless another exception is available under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), the transaction would be subject to approval by the Fund's unitholders.

Compliance with the Related Party and Conflict of Interest Policies is tested at least annually by Cromwell's legal and compliance team. To date, the policies have been complied with by CFM. CFM and related entities may also subscribe for, or acquire, units in the Fund on the same terms as other unitholders.

CFM has appointed some related entities to provide services to the Trust. Like CFM, those related entities are all wholly-owned subsidiaries of Cromwell Corporation Limited. They include Cromwell



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Property Services Pty Ltd (which provides property, facility management and leasing services), Cromwell Project & Technical Solutions Pty Ltd (which provides project management services to the Fund in relation to the direct property assets), Cromwell Operations Pty Ltd (which provides accounting and other administrative services to the Fund), Cromwell Seven Hills Pty Ltd (which acts as trustee for some of the sub-trusts through which the Fund owns direct property), Cromwell BT Pty Ltd (which provides custodial services to the Fund) and Cromwell Capital Pty Ltd (which provides finance arrangement services to the Fund). Cromwell Property Services Pty Ltd was paid \$43,909 in fees and Cromwell Project & Technical Solutions Pty Ltd was paid \$17,850 in fees, for the six months ending 31 December 2016. Cromwell Operations Pty Ltd, Cromwell BT Pty Ltd and Cromwell Capital Pty Ltd did not receive any fees during the 2016 financial year. Cromwell Seven Hills Pty Ltd was entitled to charge fees for acquisitions of direct property during the 2017 financial year; however, these fees were received by CFM in accordance with Section 9.7 of the PDS. For further information, please refer to Section 5 of the PDS (regarding fees paid to CFM and its related parties for services provided to the Fund) and Section 9.7 of the PDS (regarding the related party arrangements that relate to the Fund).

Unitholders can obtain copies of the Conflict of Interest and Related Party Policies by calling Cromwell Investor Services on 1300 276 693.